The Star and Sentinel.

BY HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1867. VOL. 67. NO. 28—WHOLE NO. 3460.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, by Messrs. HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Office of Publication is on Baltimore st., between the Public Square and the Court House.

All correspondence should be addressed to HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER, Publishers.

Professional Cards, &c.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
Reference—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY.
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

D. McCONAUGHY, *Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Claim Agent.* Office on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, one door west of Buehler's Drug Store.
During the session of the Senate he will attend at his office on Saturdays, and has also made arrangements that his clients and their business will at all times receive prompt attention. May 29, 1867.

SAMUEL D. SCHMUCKER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 43 Lexington st., Baltimore, Md.
Will give prompt attention to all Professional matters, as well as loans collections and investments.
April 18, 1867.—6m

J. P. CLARKSON. C. VAN SCHAACK.
CLARKSON & VAN SCHAACK, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
No. 82 Dearborn Street,
P. O. Box, 711. CHICAGO, ILL.
☞Refer to the Editors of the "Star & Sentinel."
Nov. 1, 1866.—1y

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the Compiler Office.
Gettysburg; May 29, 1867.

DR. COOK, HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia;
" J. C. Morgan, M. D., "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq.,
Rev. J. A. Ross, Hanover, Pa.
☞Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle st., second door from Central Hotel. [May 29, 1867.—1y

JOHN LAWRENCE, HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the provinces of this Dentist—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867:

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent sesistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned has taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the
WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLEARING OF SALES, &C.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attened to and charges reasonable. Post office address, Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!
THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Address—
HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.
May 29, 1867.—tf.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS,
CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.
May 29, 1867—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.
MEALS & BRO.
In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, MANTLES, &c. &c.
at the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Hotel and Restaurants.

KEYSTONE HOTEL.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.
NOW OPEN.
THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.
The largest and most commodious in
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.
☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.
CARPENTERING.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.
We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
CASHMAN & ROWE.
May 29, 1867.—tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.
THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the CARPENTERING BUSINESS at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
WM. CHRITZMAN.
May 29, 1867.

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.
NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,
Mechanic Bakery, South Washington str., half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of
Bread,
Crackers,
Cakes,
Pretzels, &
Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL.
April 16, 1866.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

ROW & WOODS,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

ROW & WOODS
Have fine Alpaca, Mohair, Lenо, Poplin, Lawn and DeLaine Dress Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Calicoes in great variety, at 8 cents a Yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS
Have Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 10 cents a yard and upwards.

ROW & WOODS,
Have Domestic Ginghams, Flannels, Checks and Shirtings at greatly reduced prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Stockings, Gloves and Handkerchiefs of finest styles.

ROW & WOODS
Have Parasols and Fans, which, for beauty and cheapness, "can't be beat."

ROW & WOODS
Have Table Linen, Towling, Cambrics, Jaconets, Brilliants, Swiss and other White Goods.

ROW & WOODS
Have Cloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloth, Sack Flannel, &c., as "cheap as the cheapest."

ROW & WOODS
Have Hats, for Men and Boys, in great variety, of the latest styles, at the lowest prices.

ROW & WOODS
Have Shoes and Gaiters, of best quality, made to order, of latest style, at lower prices than the same quality can be bought elsewhere.
May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES,
ELEGANT CALICOES
At 12 1-2 Cents,
GOOD MUSLINS
At 12 1-2 Cents.
ALL KINDS OF GOODS AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.
Call at once and buy some of the cheap Goods now opening
AT FAHNESTOCKS.
May 29, 1867.

WORTH KNOWING!
CHEAP DRY GOODS!
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.,
ON
BROADWAY, HANOVER, PA.
In the Room formerly occupied by J. E. Cremer & Son.
HAVING just returned from the Eastern cities, where they have bought a large and well selected Stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
They are now prepared to offer to the public Goods of every description usually kept in a first-class Dry Goods Store, at
LOWER RATES
Than they have been since the war.
☞They invite all to call and examine their Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
☞Remember their Stock is entirely new, and bought since the last
GREAT DECLINE
IN PRICES
WENTZ, OVERBAUGH & CO.
May 29 1867.—tf

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
DRY GOODS,
CARPETS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.
THE undersigned are just opening an immense stock of Goods suitable for Spring and Summer Wear. Call and see them. Calicoes from 10 cents to 18, and everything else in proportion.
DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
May 29.—tf N. W. Cor. Diamond or Square.

CALL AT THE
NEW STORE!
OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,
Gettysburg, Penn'a.
NEW GOODS AND LOW PRICES!
The undersigned have opened a new Dry Goods Store, in Kendlehart's building, directly opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and start with a splendid stock, embracing everything to be found in a first-class establishment. Bought for cash, and at the latest decline, we can offer bargains that must astonish every one. Come and see for yourselves, and you will find what we here say verified. With good Goods, small profits, and fair and square dealing, we hall endeavor to deserve, what we most respectfully ask, a liberal share of public patronage.
We offer a fine assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Jeans, Cottonades, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck Ties, and everything else in the Gentlemen's line.
For the Ladies we have SILKS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, Berages, Lawns, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Parasols, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, White Goods, with whatever else may be called for.
Also, a large stock of MUSLINS, Sheetings, Tickings, CARPETING, QUEENS-WARE, Umbrellas, Window Shades, &c., &c.
Call at the New Store, opposite the Court-house, and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1867. HERBERT & ELLIOTT.

LOOK TO
YOUR INTERESTS!
AT the south end of Main street, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., can be found an assortment of
NEW GOODS
at reduced prices,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of all kinds; Calicoes at 10 per yard, Muslins 12½ cents per yard;
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR
proportionately cheap.
ALSO CHEAP GROCERIES,
Sugar at 10 cents per pound, and other things in proportion. Determined not to be undersold, and considering it a pleasure to show goods, we extend an invitation to all, Come and see our stock, as we believe it will be to your interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1866.—3m DANNER & SHIELDS.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Fall and Winter Clothing just received at FICKING'S

THE north-west corner of the square Gettysburg, Pa., is the place to buy cheap Goods—Call and satisfy yourself. DUPHORN & HOFFMAN.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and Customers to his large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS
Comprised in part of
French Merinoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpaccas,
Black Cloths an Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings!
Also a fine assortment of Ladies' EDGS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash
May 29, 1867. J. L. SCHICK.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassiets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the Public to give us a call and Judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.
May 29, 1867.—tf

FINE FANCY FURS.
CHAS. A. HERPICH,
497 *Broadway & 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y.*
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND
SHIPPER OF
FURS.
Offers his large and well selected stock of fine Furs, in all styles, at lowest manufacturer's prices.
Highest prices paid
SHIPPING FURS.
Send for circular. [Dec. 18, 1866—1y

FRESH arrivals of Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., every week at Duphorn & Hoffman's on the Northwest corner of the Square.

CALL AND SEE, the large stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the N. W. corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.
DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

LADIES' wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Bushes, can be applied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

Groceries.

SWAN'S GROCERY.
JOHN SWAN
Has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg.
SUGARS.
The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.
COFFEE.
His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and try it.
MOLASSES.
If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.
QUEENSWARE, &c.
His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full cheap and good. Every style and price.
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.
CANDIES AND NOTIONS.
Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruit, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In fact, by in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.
May 29 1866. JOHN M. SWAN.

WM. BOYER & SON,
KEEP constantly on hand a splendid assortment of
Coffee,
Sugar, Tea, Syrups,
Spices, Fish, Bacon, Salt, Notions,
Tobacco, Cigars, Confections,
and everything to connected with a Family Grocery. We will always keep up a full supply of goods and sell them at prices which cannot fail to please. Call and see us at our stand in York street, opposite the Bank of Gettysburg. ☞All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.
May 29, 1865.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
HENRY OVERDEER,
On the Hill in Baltimore st., Gettysburg: Pa.
HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.
☞The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE
TELL EVRYEBODY YOU SEE THAT
GILBERT,
JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.
Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,
Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.
May 29.—tf

Important
TO ALL PERSONS!
HENDRICKS & WARREN have purchased the Store situated on York street, two doors east of Wolf's Hotel, formerly occupied by J. A. Grimes, and latterly by G. H. Swope, where they will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of
GROCERIES,
including Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Bacon, Flour, Feed, Rice, Potatoes, Salt, Tobacco, &c., with every article to be found in a first-class Grocery. Also CONFECTIONS, NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES.
They hope to receive a share of public patronage, and earnestly solicit a continuance of the custom heretofore given to the establishment.
JOHN HENDRICKS,
HIRAM WARREN.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

New Grocery, and Flour Store.
MEALS & BROTHER,
HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell, as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
May 29, 1866.

Grocery & Liquor Store.
A LARGE assortment of fine
GROCERIES,
Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, all kinds of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market—All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.
☞B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,
May 29, 1867.—tf Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

COAL and FISH OIL of the best quality for sale by WM. BOYER & SON

FRESH supply of Groceries, Notions, Tobaccos, &c., constantly receiving and for sale by WM. BOYER & SON.

MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK,
Cooper Institute, New York.
HADLEY
Is constantly receiving Large Invoices of
FRENCH CHINA
OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SHAPE, AT ONE-HALF THE USUAL SELLING PRICES.

White French China Dinner Sets, 130 pieces,		$30.00
" " " Tea " 44		7.00
" " " Dinner Plates, per doz.,		2.00
" " " Tea " "		1.50
" " " Cups and Saucers, 24 pieces,		2.00
French Cut Goblets, per dozen,		2.00

Also, Fancy Goods in China, Dinner, Tea, Toilet Sets, White Parisian Stone Ware, Cut and Pressed Glassware, Silver Plated Warp, Cutlery, &c., &c., at equally low prices. Goods packed to go all over the world, by express or otherwise. House Furnishing Goods in large variety.
Remember HADLEY'S Middle of the Block.
☞Send for Catalogue.—ly

No Connection with corner Stores,
March 21, 1867.—3m

Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.
CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.
On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:
FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7 45, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10 25, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 30, noon. Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 20, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1 10, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.
SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3 15, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5 30, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6 15, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Baltimore at 12 10, noon.
Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1 10, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6 15, P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction, and Parkton. Connections certain.
R. McCURDY, Pres't.
May 29.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD,
TIME TABLE.
On and after MONDAY, May 6th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:
FIRST TRAIN
(which makes connection with the trains on the Northern Central railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9 00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations. This train arrives at the Junction at 9 55 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12 30 P. M., and also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12 55 P. M.
☞This train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.
SECOND TRAIN
Leaves Hanover at 2 20 P. M. and arrives at the Junction at 2 30 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6 12 P. M.
☞This Train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.
Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8 30 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12 10 P. M.
May. 29, 1867. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

READING RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
April 8th, 1867.
Great trunk line from the North and Northwest to Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8 10 A. M. and 2 30 and 4 10 P. M., stopp ng at Lebanon and principal Way Stations; the 4 10 P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 320 P. M.
Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 and 8.00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 6.00 and 11.30 A. M. and 1.05 P. M.; Tamaqua at 9.45 A. M., and 1.00 and 8.55 P. M.
Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road at 7.00 A. M.
Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.
Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.20 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 6.30 P. M.
Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M., and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Litz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.
On Sundays: Leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading: Pottsville 8.00 A. M.: Harrisburg 9.35 A. M., and Reading at 1.20 and 7.20 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11.25 A. M. for New York and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.
Baggage checked through: 80 pounds allowed each Passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., May 29, 1867.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES
THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Tools, Coach Findings, Shoe Findings, Cabinet Maker's Tools, Housekeeper's Fixtures, Alikinds of Iron &c
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
Oils, Paints, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanic's can be accommodated here with tools and findings and Housekeeper's can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
May 29, 1867.

Confections, Ice Cream, Toys, &c.

SOMETHING NEW IN GETTYSBURG
The undersigned has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now prepared to supply them with the famous
CREAM SODA,
drawn from Dow's Soda Fountain, which has become so popular in the cities. If you have never tasted this delicious drink, you don't know what you have missed—Try it. Once tasted, you will become a regular patron. I have also opened my
ICE CREAM SALOON,
with accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and am prepared to supply private families. Parties, &c., on reasonable terms. Also, constantly on hand, fresh
CONFECTIONS,
Cakes, &c., Call at the old established stand on Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church adjoining the Keystone Hotel.
May 29, 1867.—3m E. H. MINNICH.

Fresh Confectionery, &c.

THE subscriber calls the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, to his fine Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street.
Cakes, Candies and every description of Confections together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits always on hand.
Parties, public and private, as well as families will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramids or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their homes, upon short notice.
Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.
Call and see the Confectionary.
JOHN GRUEL,
May 29, 1867.

TOYS, Notions, Marbles, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S

GO and see J. M. Warner's Store.

FRESH CONFECTIONARIES at J. M. WARNER'S.

THE finest and freshest FRUITS, NUTS, &c, at J. M. WARNER'S.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, &c., at J. M. WARNER'S.

MUSHROOM CRACKERS, something new in Gettysburg, at J. M. WARNER'S.

Millinery.

1867. SPRING MILLINERY, 1867.
MISS McCREARY has just opened a large and carefully selected Stock of FANCY BONNETS and Ornaments,

Straw Bonnets,		Velvets,	
Shaker Hoods,		Malines,	
Ribbons,		Ruches,	
Flowers,		Laces,	
Silks,		Frames,	
Crapes,		Wires,	
		Nets,	

From long experience in business she feels confident of offering to customers a better selected and cheaper assortment of goods than can be found out of the cities, and cordially invites ladies to call and examine the goods.
To Milliners who may favor her with their custom, all patterns with instructions will be given gratis.
She also offers a very handsome assortment of FANCY and TOILET GOODS of the latest styles, and hopes a continuance of the patronage she has in years past so liberally received
May 29.—tf

1867.] LADIES [1867.
CALL THIS WAY.
Jennie L. Rinehart and Annie E. Cook.
ARE now opening a good assortment of SPRING STYLES in Easterbrook, including HATS of all descriptions; also, BONNETS made to order, neat and cheaply. Bleaching done in the shortest notice. Being always willing to strive we hope to receive a liberal share of patronage. [April 18, 1867.—3m

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

ANOTHER VETO
BY NORRIS,
CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES
AS CHEAP AS BEFORE THE WAR.
ALSO
Anything in the Gentleman's furnishing line.
Can be found at the Cheap Store of
T. C. NORRIS.
May 29 1867.—tf

New Goods!
CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!
IF you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE, near Myers' Hotel, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &c., the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them fitted out, can have it done free of charge. Those desiring Goods made up, can also be accommodated We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere No humbug in what we say.
We have on hand the very best most durable SEWING MACHINES, and are always ready to wait on purchasers. Full satisfaction given as to operating machines—Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.
May 29, 1867. JACOBS & BRO.

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING
AT BRINKERHOFF'S
STACKS OF THEM!
J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of
CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR,
which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.
He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes:
Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs,
Trunks, Valices, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.;
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.
He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.
JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

C. SOMERS & SON,
809 CHESTNUT STREET,
Call the attention of the public to their stock of
FINE CLOTHING,
Also, to the large assortment of new style piece goods for
SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.
Our Measure Department is so organized that gentlemen can feel every confidence that the garments obtained will be made in the
BEST MANNER AND LATEST STYLE,
C. SOMERS & SON.
April 15, 1867.—3m

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER!
IN the prices of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, to be convinced you have but to call at PICKING'S

HATS AND CAPS!
THE Largest, Best and Cheapest Stock of Fashionable Hats and Caps, in Adams county, at NORRIS'.

GOOD FOR THE EYES,
TO call, and look through the extensive stock of all kinds of Coats, a variety of Pants and neat styles of Vests at PICKING'S

TO LOOK GENTEEL,
BUY your suits at the Cheap Store of PICKING'S

EIGHT-DAY,
THIRTY-HOUR and Alarm Clocks at PICKING'S

WHAT'S DOWN?
WHY Coats, Pants and Vests at PICKING'S

Photograph Galleries.

REMOVAL!
THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.
THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old room on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled anywhere else.
LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,
of every size and description, executed in the best style particular attention given to the CARTE-DE-VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—
THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,
a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.
We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in
GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.
Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the
NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.
Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.
June 21, 1866.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES at the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimens. C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination. C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for gressees, from the Battle-field. Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery. Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank. C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect. C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low: also Stereoscopic Views fo the Battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery. Do not fail see to them. C. J. TYSON.

J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPH ARTISTS,
707 *Broadway, New York.*
In addition to our PHOTOGRAPHIC ART GALLERY, established 1840. We have for the last five years had advantages superior to any other establishment in the United States, Actors and Actresses, Professional Billiard Players, Foreign celebrities, Pictures from Statuary, male and female.
Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp.
An order for one dozen pictures from our Catalogue will be filled at $1.80, and sent by mail free. Single Pictures 25 cents each, copies of engravings 15 cents each.
N. B. We also desire to call attention to the advantage we have for reproducing, or copying, Old Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Card Pictures, &c., of
DECEASED RELATIVES AND FRIENDS,
enlarging them to any size, and finishing in Oil, Water Colors, or India Ink, with the aid of
THE TALENTED ARTISTS.
Parties desiring copies, should therefore correspond with us direct.
SEND FOR A CATALOGUE.
The Trade Supplied at a Liberal Discount.
GALLERY OPEN FOR FREE INSPECTION,
and strangers visiting the City, will find our Gallery one of the most agreeable places in the City, wherein to while away an hour. J. GURNEY & SON,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
Oct. 4, 1866.—y20 707 Broadway, N. Y.

The Star and Sentinel.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.
COUNTY OFFICERS.
President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Isaac E. Wiserman, Isaac Robinson.
Prothonotary—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.
Register and Recorder—Wm. D. Holtzworth.
Clerk of the Courts—A. W. Minter.
District Attorney—A. J. Cover.
Treasurer—Jacob Sheads.
Sheriff—Philip Bang.
Coroner—Dr. W. J. McClure.
Surveyor—J. S. Witherow.
Commissioners—Abraham Krise, Samuel Wolf, Nicholas Wierman. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—E. B. Buehler.
Directors of the Poor—John N. Graft, John Nunnemaker, John Rahs. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—Cornelius Daugherty. *Counsel*—Wm. Mc

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, June 5, 1867.

MR. STEVENS, THE PHILADELPHIA TELEGRAPH, AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSSES.

The recent letter of Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS on Confiscation has been reprinted in most of the leading papers in the United States—having been, on account of the public interest of its contents, telegraphed all over the country by the Washington City Agent of the Associated Press, to whom we sent an advance copy. It has provoked a variety of comment.—The Democratic newspapers, true to their uniform policy thoroughout the war of allowing nothing to be done which could harm their Rebel friends, think it atrocious, and give it the benefit of their choicest terms of denunciation. The Southern newspapers are shocked by it, and would tremble at it, if they believed its adoption imminent. The Republican press discuss it, in terms of approval; or, if dissenting, with respectful deference to the great leader who has promulgated it. We believe there is but one exception to this statement—the EVENING TELEGRAPH of Philadelphia.

This paper, in its issue of the 29th, published an editorial chiefly noticeable for the censurable flippancy of its allusions to Mr. STEVENS and the grossness of its attack upon the citizens of the Border counties. The article does not controvert the reasons by which Mr. STEVENS sustains his policy. On the other hand, it says:

"*It may be that confiscation will be necessary as a punishment for continued contumacy. It may be that it will be needed to yet further humble the spirit of the late Rebels. But it can never be that it will be enforced to repay the Pennsylvania farmers for losses suffered years ago, and already once paid by the State.*"

Thus, the Editor of the EVENING TELEGRAPH, by his own showing, is not opposed, *in principle*, to Confiscation; but declares he will be for it if it be necessary as a punishment, or to humble the spirit of the late Rebels. Mr. STEVENS is for it, as his letter shows, because the law and practice of nations justify it, and because justice to innocent and plundered citizens of the United States, requires it.—There is then this difference, in this respect, between the position of the Editor of the EVENING TELEGRAPH and Mr. STEVENS. The former makes his approval of the policy dependent upon his desire to punish the Rebels; Mr. STEVENS, upon the inherent justice of the thing itself, upon the uniform practice of nations, and the outraged "RIGHTS" of citizens.—Which is the nobler view?

But the EVENING TELEGRAPH protests that Confiscation shall "never be enforced to repay the Pennsylvania farmers for losses suffered years ago, and already once paid by the State."

Mr. STEVENS demands Confiscation as just; and payment of losses as an incident. The EVENING TELEGRAPH advertises its contingent willingness to demand Confiscation, but protests against payment of losses, in any event. And for three reasons:

1st. The losses were suffered years ago. As if lapse of time ever weakened a just claim, or relieved a negligent State from its DUTY of protecting faithful citizens.—But these losses occurred within the last five years, and most of them within four. The plea is beneath contempt.

2nd. These losses have been already "once paid by the State." Unfortunately, this is not true. The State gave $600,000 to citizens of Chambersburg; not a penny to hundreds of others in Adams, Franklin and other counties, who were as severely treated and whose homes were as completely desolated as any citizens of Chambersburg. There is no difference of principle between those claims which have been recognized as just, and those which have been denied. And the State and Nation will yet see clearly that the highest of obligations requires that the spoliated counties of the Border shall have a fair hearing, and an honest judgment.

But 3rd, the EVENING TELEGRAPH elsewhere in its article says:

"If there is no better ground for confiscation than to repay the cowardly, semi-disloyal farmers of the counties named, who charged our soldiers for a cup of milk, and fled from or tampered with the Rebels, we do not favor it."

This is intended to convey the impression that the bulk of the citizens of the Border counties were unfaithful to the government, and unkind to its soldiers, and are therefore undeserving of just consideration. The war has produced no fouler slander. Doubtless, there were here disloyal men during the war. Most of them got their inspiration from disloyal Philadelphians whom we could readily name. It may be that, under this stimulus, in some cases, greed got the better of patriotism. But we utterly deny the truth of the general statement of the EVENING TELEGRAPH.

These counties responded promptly to every call of the country for troops, or for supplies, and contributed of their substance as fully for the support of the government in every good work as any portion of this or any other State. We make the statement, broadly; and we mean it precisely as it stands. Some of the best men in our communities, after doing their whole duty to the country, were rendered houseless and homeless by our country's armies or the enemy's, and have been denied all compensation. And all this while bloated traitors, pardoned of their crimes, own their millions, and boast their agency in the war. The Editor of the EVENING TELEGRAPH may now think himself able to justify this indifference of the State and General Government. But even his sober judgment must, we think, in time rebel against his present passionate proscription.

This interposition of a Philadelphia paper against every measure of relief to plundered Unionists, is as inexplicable as it is ill-timed. Let the Editor of the EVENING TELEGRAPH recall the days in which these injuries were inflicted. The enemy had invaded our free State with a powerful army flushed with victory, and advanced, substantially unchallenged, to the gates of the Capitol itself. The Executive Officers sent off the archives of the State; the banks their funds; citizens their valuables. It advanced in another direction, and the destruction of the Columbia Bridge gave Philadelphia a warning which it heeded. That great city shuddered, from centre to circumference. It called its men of science to plan, and its men of muscle to build, works for its defence. All was alarm, and activity, and labor. Meanwhile the armies met on these hills, and the Rebels, giving way, sought refuge behind the Potomac. Then Philadelphia rested from its labors. It was safe; and its salvation was wrought out *here* by brave men. *Now*, influences resident in that mighty city and its neighboring counties are actively exerted that no suffering citizen of the State living on or near these bloody fields, shall get, from any quarter, any remuneration for losses necessarily inflicted that Philadelphia and Lancaster and Chester might be made secure! The blush of shame should mantle the cheeks of such cold ingratitude.

Personally, we care nothing whether these losses are ever paid. But as Pennsylvanians we feel that it is dishonoring to the State that all applications for their payment have thus far not only failed, but been met with derision where they should have had a kind and considerate reception.

Let the EVENING TELEGRAPH review its facts; recall its unworthy criticism of the first Statesman of the generation, to whose enlightened sagacity, and indomitable purpose, and unflinching firmness, the Nation is infinitely indebted; cultivate, above all, a spirit of justice; and, doing what is right because it is so, expect its reward in the respect of its contemporaries and the admiration of its successors.

OUR ADVERTISEMENTS.

One of the consequences of the union of the two papers, has been to require the new firm to carry out the advertising contracts of each. For this reason we find ourselves somewhat crowded at present, with advertisements. It is our purpose to reduce this pressure as fast as possible, so as to enlarge the space for reading matter. But it is well for our subscribers to remember that there is now more reading matter in the *Star and Sentinel*, than the subscribers of either paper received before the consolidation of the two. Yet we intend "to do better," in the future.

☞ The Constitutional Convention of Maryland, the other day, by a close vote, incorporated into the Constitution they are preparing, a clause permitting colored persons to testify in the Courts of that State. The late slaveholders of the lower counties, in pursuance of their old Slavery ideas, objected that this would give the colored population too much power, and besides they could not be believed; but the majority concluded that as their Northern neighbors had always allowed this privilege and had not suffered from it, they would take the risk! What will Judge Magruder now fall back upon, to make a sensation?

The same Convention have notified the world that, in their opinion, Maryland is a "free, sovereign, and independent State." We suppose, then, it has the right to secede at pleasure, from the Union. Inasmuch as the Constitution of the United States provides that it, and the laws made under it, "shall be the Supreme Law of the Land," we don't believe that the State of Maryland is so very sovereign, notwithstanding this Convention's resolve.

The same thoughtful Convention has notified the people of the United States that they expect the Government thereof to pay for all the Slaves emancipated by the people of Maryland, when they in 1864, adopted by a popular vote the present State Constitution, which abolished Slavery. What the United States have to do with paying for an abolition decreed by the people of Maryland themselves, is not very clear to our mind. But probably if we had in our pockets thirty millions of dollars' worth of claims growing out of that event as the late Slaveholders of Maryland have, we might be able to "see it." Until then, we must insist that Uncle Sam shall pay his own debts and nobody else's.

☞ The General Assemblies of the Presbyterian Church have been in session during the past two weeks—the Old School at Cincinnati, and the New School at Rochester, N. Y. The proposed Union of the two organizations, on the basis recommended by the Joint Committees appointed last year, bids fair to be accomplished. It met with a stout resistance in the Old School Assembly, on the part of some who insisted upon a more sharply defined doctrinal basis, before consummating the union. After a prolonged debate, however, the matter was disposed of by the adoption of a resolution sending down the proposed plan of union to the several Presbyteries, for consideration and report to the next General Assembly. The Old School Assembly adjourned to meet next year in Albany, N. Y.; the New School, in Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ The *Delaware County American* comes to us this week enlarged and improved. The *American* is an ably conducted journal, and we are pleased to notice this evidence of prosperity.

☞ In Lancaster, Mass., it is proposed to erect a Memorial Hall, to serve as Town Hall, library, &c., and to contain, in the rear wall, marble tablets on which will be inscribed the names of those citizens who have fallen in the war. This is thought to be a more useful form of Memorial than a monument.

☞ The Jackson *Mississippian* of 15th May fiercely repudiates the Reconstruction act, under Mr. SHARKEY's advice, and finally threatens that "rather than live the manacled slaves of an armed despotism, *the world could not blame us if we sought the last resort of an injured people.*"

It is manifest, this fellow has not been half whipped. We fear, a large proportion of those for whom he speaks, hate the Nation as heartily as he does. There can be no safety or prosperity for the South till such counsels are abandoned, and such advisers put down—which is the precise work in which the Republican Party are now engaged. Every Patriot should give his encouragement and aid.

THE distress of the South is shown in the fact that Virginia raised $40,000 for the comfort of Jeff. Davis and his family. North Carolina contributed $20,000 or $50,000 for a monument for the rebel dead. The State of Missippi appropriated $20,000 to test the constitutionality of the reconstruction act. Memphis can raise large sums of money to get up tournaments, and, indeed, whenever there is an occasion for honoring the rebel dead, or of testifying regard to living traitors, there seem to be no lack of funds, and no difficulty in raising what is required. This to say the least is a little remarkable.

Despatches by the cable from Constantinople report the Turkish Government as having consented to submit the solution of the Cretan question to a commission of the European Powers. The Emperor of Russia on his way to Paris stopped at Berlin, and it is reported that Prussia and Russia will hereafter pursue an identical policy in relation to the Eastern question. Extraordinary preparations are being made at Paris for the reception of the Royal visitors. The Emperor Alexander had already arrived there, and it is understood will also extend his visit to London. An Amnesty has been extended to all the Poles engaged in the last insurrection against Russia.

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.

Fall of the Empire—Capitulation of the Capital—Surrender of Vera Cruz expected—Fate of Maximillian.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Navy Department has received information from Commander F. A. Ray, or the United States steamer Tacony, dated off Vera Cruz, Mexico, May 17, announcing that he had received a telegram on that day from General Escobedo at Vera Cruz, to the effect that Queretaro has just under Escobedo, and that Prince Maximillian, Generals Miramon, Meyla and Castillo, with all their army and material, are in the hands of General Escobedo as prisoners of war.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—The city of Mexico has certainly capitulated. General O'Haran was shot there for correspondence with the Liberals.

Vera Cruz will soon surrender.

Upon the surrender of Maximillian, Juarez sent to Vera Cruz, Puebla and the city of Mexico despatches similar to that sent to General Berriozabal at Matamoras. These state that all the Imperialists, their ammunition and supplies were captured on the 15th inst.

It was rumored that Juarez had ordered Maximillian to be shot. In his reply to the appeal for mercy, despatched through Minister Campbell, Juarez's Minister clearly implies that the Emperor and his chiefs could not be regarded as lawful enemies. After asserting that the Archduke had remained in the country to continue the "work of ruin and desolation by civil war," with aid of desperate men, he added: "In case there be captured persons on whom rests such responsibilities, it does not appear to me that they can be considered as simple prisoners of war." It is understood that Minister Campbell has received instructions to proceed to Mexico, and report to the Juarez Government.

Later.

A despatch from New Orleans gives later advices from Mexico. Maximilian was not shot, and it is said has already been allowed to cross the Rio Grande into the United States on his return to Austria. The whole of the Imperial army surrendered, Maximilian and his chiefs giving up their swords to Escobedo.

A Ten Dollar Counterfeit.

A splendidly executed counterfeit ten dollar note on the Third National Bank of Philadelphia is in circulation. It is in all respects a perfect *fac simile* of the genuine issue, even to the signatures, which are executed with a pen. The public can judge of the dangerous character of this note from the fact that it passed through the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of Rochester without detection.—The only safe way is to refuse all "pens" on the bank.

☞ The Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association met in Philadelphia last week. They adjourned on the 30th inst., after a session of three days, to meet next year in Pittsburgh on the 3rd Thursday of May. Among the resolutions adopted was this, on motion of Mr. Tollman:

Resolved, That the Gettysburg National Orphan Homestead is an institution worthy of the cordial sympathy of every charitable and patriotic heart, and especially deserving of the support of the Sabbath Schools of our State, to whose liberality we earnestly commend it.

Matthew Newkirk, Esq., of Philadelphia, was elected President. There are two Vice Presidents for each denomination represented. Jacob A. Gardner, Esq., formerly of this county, now of Philadelphia, is, we observe, a member of the Business Committee, of which Ex Gov. Pollock is Chairman. Mr. Gardner has been for years, devoted to this work; and we are glad to see has become identified with an organization co-extensive with the State.

The Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives adjourned on Monday, to the 26th instant, thus showing that the question of the July session of Congress is not yet decisively settled. The Committee voted four to five against presenting articles of impeachment against the President. Messrs. Boutwell, Thomas of Maryland, Williams and Lawrence voted aye, and Messrs. Wilson, Woodbridge, Eldridge, Marshal and Churchill, nay. A resolution of censure declaring that "the President merited the condemnation of the people," was passed—ayes 7, nays 2—Messrs. Eldridge and Marshall. Democrats, voting nay.

President Johnson started on a "swinging round" the Southern half of the circle on Saturday evening and arrived at Richmond on Sunday morning. Secretary Seward, Postmaster-General Randall, and quite a numerous following of political dependents accompanied him. He commenced his speech-making at Fredericksburg, but so far has been brief and totally uninteresting. At Richmond he was received by the Rebel Mayor and members of the City Council, and conducted to the Spottswood Hotel, where he occupies the rooms formerly tenanted by Jefferson Davis.

The Reading papers announce the death of Mrs. Rosa C. Nicolls, wife of G. A. Nicolls, Esq., Superintendent of the Reading Railroad. Mrs. Nicolls was the only surviving daughter of the late Hon. Henry A. Muhlenberg, and inherited in a large degree the many virtues which endeared that warm-hearted citizen and pure statesman to the people of Berks county.

The first election in Washington city in which the colored man has been admitted to his rights as a citizen took place on Monday. Notwithstanding the campaign had been a most excited one, the election was one of the most orderly ever held in the city. The result was a Republican triumph by a large majority, all the general officers on that ticket and a majority of the Republican candidates for the City Council being elected. The Democrats have a majority in only one ward.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—New and dangerous counterfeits of the last issue of the fifty cent fractional notes, which bear upon their face the head of Treasurer Spinner, have been detected at the Treasury Department. It can be detected by the absence of a period after the word print, on the right end, and also under the letter *d*, in March 3d, on the left end.

A dangerous Counterfeit of the twenty-five cent new issue has also recently appeared.—Upon close examination it may be detected by noticing that the scroll-work around the figures "25" on the upper left-hand corner, touches the fine lines around the edge of the note which forms the bordering, while on the genuine no part of the scroll-work touches the line.

A counterfeit of the new five cent coin is in circulation. It may be distinguished from the genuine by the softness of the metal.

New counterfeit, or rather altered greenbacks, have been put in circulation. They consist of one dollar bills changed to twos, by the pasting of figure 2s over the 1s.

HOME INDUSTRY.—Every community should patronize its own merchants, mechanics, farmers, professional men, &c. No community that does otherwise can have the same measure of prosperity as the one who sticks to its own citizens. In our advertising columns will be found the advertisements of the leading and most reliable merchants of our town, whom we most respectfully recommend to the public.

☞ We observe in the proceedings of the General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterians, that Rev. Dr. WATSON, of Milton, for many years of this place, has been placed upon the Board of Publication, to serve for four years from May, 1867.

PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.

HARRISBURG, May 30.—The Pennsylvania Reserve Association held their first annual meeting this morning in the hall of the House of Representatives. The President, ex-Governor A. G. Curtin, and Vice president, General H. G. Sickel, both being absent, Major General S. W. Crawford was called to the chair, Major J. C. Harvey, the secretary of the association, acting as secretary. On motion of R. A. McCoy, Governor John W. Geary, General John F. Hartranft, and General James M. Campbell were elected honorary members.

A committee was appointed to wait on Governor Geary, and invite him to be present.—Soon after he appeared, and was greeted with enthusiastic applause. An invitation to the floor of the House was also extended to Adjutant General Russell.

The constitution proposed in January last by the board of directors was adopted with slight modifications.

On motion, it was resolved to hold the next annual meeting of the association at Pittsburgh on May 30, 1868.

The spectators were then invited to seats on the floor, and the oration was delivered by General William M. McCandless, who was frequently interrupted by applause. At the close a vote of thanks was given him.

After the adjournment the board of directors met and elected the following gentlemen as the permanent officers of the association:

President—Hon. A. G. Curtin.
Vice-President—Gen. Wm. M. McCandless.
Recording Secretary—Major J. C. Harvey.
Corresponding Secretary—Col. John H. Taggart.
Treasurer—Col. J. P. Taylor.

In the evening nearly one hundred of the members sat down to a costly banquet at one of our hotels. General Crawford presided, and until a late hour the festivities were kept up. Toastings with appropriate responses, were the order of the night. General W. W. Stewart, of this County, is one of the Board of Directors.

AN AVOWAL OF PERFIDY.—The Charleston *Mercury* boldly proclaims that all that may be done in that State in conformity to the provisions of the Reconstruction act will be wiped out at the very first opportunity. It says:

"If ever the Government of the United States becomes a free Government, and the Constitution be restored to validity, everything done under this act, we presume, is wiped out. The constitution of a free government, dictated by military authority, is an absurdity. It will last just as long as the military authority enforces it, and not a day longer. One of two things we deem to be certain—either the people of all the United States must remain permanently under an absolute despotism, or the white population of South Carolina will rule the State."

This means simply, that the moment the Democratic party shall obtain power in South Carolina it will proceed to disfranchise the colored citizens, and to reduce them again to a condition of servitude.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to an invitation to a dinner tendered him by prominent citizens of Boston on the 22d instant, regrets his inability to attend, and makes a few remarks upon financial matters. He says that the bounties to soldiers, preparations for the Indian war, the intended large issue of bonds to the Pacific Railroad, and other liberal appropriations for miscellaneous purposes, together with the partial failure of the wheat and corn crops, the tardiness of reconstruction in the South, the reduced taxes and the general dullness in trade will prevent a reduction in the national debt for some time. He gives four reasons for not contracting the currency at the present time, but says that he is as much in favor of this policy as ever.

THE whole fabric of slavery is coming down with a crash. Spain, which is now deliberating the question of abolition, is the last civilized power which countenances human chattelism. It seems impossible for us to calculate the results of our great war. History is rapidly proving that we fought for the freedom of the world and enfranchisement of all the races.

By the next steamer we shall probably learn that the conservatives of Spain are playing the *role* of the Democrats of our country—denouncing freedom as unconstitutional, and an infringement of their vested rights in wrong and barbarism.

HYDROPHOBIA.—The *National Intelligencer* vouches for the efficacy of the following, for the cure of hydrophobia: "Spirits of hartshorn is a certain remedy for the bite of a mad dog. The wound should be bathed constantly with it, and three or four doses, diluted, taken inwardly during the day. The hartshorn decomposes chemically the virus insinuated into the wound, and immediately alters and destroys its deleteriousness."

POLITICAL.—Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, having failed in his efforts before the Supreme Court to arrest the progress of reconstruction, has gone home to give his people the worst advice in his power. He declares that Southern men ought not to "accept the situation," and avers that "a quiet and firm opposition would have produced a reaction at the North, which would have resulted in the repeal of the law."

The Richmond *Whig* declares that while Virginia politics have taken no definite shape, a great change has taken place in the State in favor of accepting the situation, and of placing Virginia in practical relations with the government. The people are resolved to perform their duties to the United States, and so gain its protection and the privileges which it offers.

GENERAL SHERMAN was recently invited to a public reception on the occasion of his departure for Europe and the Holy Land by some of the prominent citizens of New York, but he has declined upon the ground that he will not at present make the intended tour, as the state of affairs in the Indian country demands his presence and attention.

DESPATCHES from Fort Kearney represent that the Indian war on the Plains has fairly begun, and that buildings are burned, stock stolen and settlers murdered daily. The military were rapidly moving towards the scene of the reported outrages.

NICKEL cents are in demand at the Mint in Philadelphia, and the Government will exchange three and five cent pieces for them.

IT is estimated that when registration is completed in South Carolina there will be about forty-five thousand white to sixty thousand colored voters.

Lieut. General Sherman, with his staff, arrived at Chicago from St. Louis on Saturday, and departed the same afternoon for Omaha and the Plains, where he goes to take personal command of the military movements against the hostile Indians.

A CLERGYMAN writing to a friend, says: "My voyage to Europe is indefinitely postponed. I have discovered the 'fountain of health' on this side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of the Peruvian Syrup have rescued me from the fangs of the fiend Dyspepsia." Dyspeptics should drink from this fountain. —1t

PHOTOGRAPHS made at SHAEFFER'S New Gallery, at Hanover, are all warranted to give entire satisfaction—never to fade or turn yellow, and made in a superior style of workmanship. Give him a trial.

June 5.—4t

Local Items.

DEATH OF REV. DR. KRAUTH.—We have the melancholy duty to-day of announcing the death of Rev. CHARLES PHILIP KRAUTH, D. D., Senior Professor of the Lutheran Theological Seminary, which took place, at his residence, in this place, on Thursday afternoon last, in the 71st year of his age. Dr. KRAUTH was born May 7, 1797, in Montgomery county, Pa. He was originally designed for the Medical Profession, and his earlier studies were in that direction. Having, however, been brought under religious influence, he changed his purpose and consecrated himself to the work of the Christian Ministry. He studied Theology under the direction of Rev. Dr. F. SHAEFFER, of Frederick, Md., and was licensed to preach the Gospel by the Lutheran Synod of Pennsylvania in 1819. His first labors in the Ministry were in Virginia, principally in the Martinsburg and Shepherdstown charges. In 1828 he accepted a call to St. Matthew's Church, Philadelphia, where he labored until 1833, when he was called to Gettysburg as Professor in the Institutions here. In the spring of 1834 he was elected President of Pa. College, which position he held until 1850, when he resigned the Presidency of the College, with a view of devoting himself exclusively to the Theological Seminary—regularly and faithfully discharging his duties as Professor in that Institution until within a week of his death.

Dr. KRAUTH was a man of great and varied learning—a profound scholar in the true sense of the term—in his prime, an eloquent and impressive pulpit orator—and brought to the discharge of his official duties his varied gifts, which made him a man of mark in his Church, and gave him commanding influence. Dr. KRAUTH'S religious character was as marked as his intellectual. Singularly pure and blameless in his walk and conversation, his daily life was a living exemplification, and that the highest type, of the religion he professed. We need scarcely say to those acquainted with him that his death was calm and serene. For days, life seemed to flicker in the body—at times pulseless, and again rallying—yet throughout there was the calm, peaceful assurance of the dying Christian. "*Tell them to be faithful*," was his dying charge to his co-laborers in the Seminary and to the Students recently under his charge. "Peace,"—"All is well,"—"Jesus is precious,"—"His promises are yea and amen,"—"Thanks to God who giveth me the victory,"—were the uniform replies to sorrowing friends at his bedside.

When such a man—so useful and honored in life—so glorious in death—is called away, it is in no wise strange that the heart of the community in which he lived, and among whom he daily walked, should be deeply stirred. All classes and conditions, irrespective of denominational association, promptly and cordially united in touching tributes to his memory.

The funeral services took place in Christ's Church on Saturday afternoon. The Church was heavily draped in mourning. The body, by request of the Council, had been taken to the Church in the morning, to give opportunity to citizens to have a last view of one so tenderly loved by all. At 3 P. M., the house was filled to its utmost capacity—the services being as follows, viz:

Chant by the Choir—"Our days are as a shadow."
Reading of Scripture—by Rev. Dr. Valentine.
Prayer—by Rev. Dr. Brown.
Choral—"Father, thou hast gone before us."
Address—by Pastor, Rev. Dr. Hay.
Address—by Rev. Dr. Lochman.
Address—by Rev. Dr. Baugher.
Prayer—by Rev. Wm. M. Baum.
Quartette—"Sweet is the scene when Christians die."

At the close of the services (which were very impressive) the remains were conveyed to Evergreen Cemetery, Rev. Dr. Brown, Rev. Dr. Valentine, Rev. Dr. Baugher, Rev. Dr. Lochman, Prof. Muhlenberg, Prof. Wilkin, Rev. Wm. M. Baum, C. A. Morris, acting as pall-bearers—followed by the faculties and students of both institutions, Directors of Seminary and Trustees of College, Ministers of the Gospel, and a large concourse of citizens. The services at the grave were conducted by Dr. Hay and Professor Muhlenberg. The public offices, stores, &c., throughout the town, were closed and business generally suspended.

We have received memorial tributes by the Bible Society, Church Council &c., which will be found below.

From the Minutes of the Faculty of the Theological Seminary.

Whereas, God has removed by death, Rev. Dr. CHARLES PHILIP KRAUTH, the senior member of this Faculty—be it

Resolved, 1.—That whilst we humbly bow to this dispensation of Providence, we record the event with sadness and grief, and a deep sense of bereavement and loss.

2.—That while his well-known services in the Church, and high position in her regard, make any testimony wholly unnecessary, we nevertheless desire to express our appreciation of the eminent character and attainments of our departed fellow-laborer, whose official and social intercourse with us has specially endeared him to our hearts.

3.—That we rejoice that the Great Head of the Church so long permitted him to be a living and teaching witness for the Truth among us, and to continue to the very end of his life his consistent and steadfast interest in this Institution, and to labor for its welfare.

4.—That in token of our sorrow in the bereavement the Institution has sustained, and of respect for the memory of our venerable and beloved colleague, we suspend the exercises of the Seminary until after the funeral, while we will unite with the Students in attending.

5.—That we tender our sincere sympathy and condolence to the bereaved Family and friends, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to them and published in the papers of the town and of the Church.

From the Minutes of the Bible Society of Pennsylvania College and Seminary.

Resolved, That we have heard with sincere sorrow of the death of our venerable friend, the Rev. Dr. KRAUTH, a valued member of our Bible Society from its organization in 1839, and we desire to record on the minutes of the Board our gratitude for his faithful services, and our high appreciation of his christian worth. His beautiful character, his consistent life, and his peaceful death, will be long and affectionately cherished by us all.

Christ's Church.

On the announcement of Dr. Krauth's death the Council of Christ's Church was called together, and the following minutes adopted, viz:

A venerable and beloved Father has been called from our midst to his Heavenly rest.—The Rev. Dr. C. P. KRAUTH departed this life to-day, and we meet as the Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Christ Church of Gettysburg, to take such action as, under the circumstances, may seem to us appropriate. We are fully assured that we express the unanimous feeling of our Church, when we record our profound sorrow at the loss of one of our oldest and most faithful members, who took a cordial and active part in the organization of our Church, and in all its operations since that period, occupying its pulpit statedly during a period of over thirty years, and officiating during five years of that time as its Pastor. We rejoice to testify that the fervent and consistent piety that adorned his character, the acknowledged ability and conscientious fidelity that distinguished him in all the eminent and influential positions held by him whilst he resided among us, won for him the unqualified esteem, not only of those with whom he was most intimately associated, but of our entire community, among whom he moved, and by whom he was deservedly regarded as a model of Christian integrity.

He came among us in the vigor of his manhood, when called from the pulpit of St. Mathews' English Lutheran Church in Philadelphia, to labor in the institutions of our church established here, and officiated as our Pastor from 1855 to 1860. When no longer able to serve in that capacity, his trembling steps still bore him, with extraordinary punctuality, to the sanctuary, and we mourn that we shall see his benignant countenance here no more.

In token of our sorrow, and of the profound veneration in which we hold the character of our departed Father, be it hereby

Resolved, 1.—That, with the consent of the family of the deceased, the funeral services be held in the Church on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

2.—That the Church be draped in mourning.

3.—That a copy of this record, and of these resolutions be transmitted to his family, with the assurance of our heartfelt sympathy for them in their distress, and of our fervent prayers for the consoling influences of the Holy Spirit in their behalf.

4.—That this minute be entered upon the records of the Council, and published in the papers of Gettysburg and in the Church papers.

Resolutions of the College Faculty.

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God to remove, to his rest in Heaven, Rev. CHARLES PHILIP KRAUTH, D. D. the first, and for nearly seventeen years, President of Pennsylvania College, therefore—

Resolved, That we express our sincere sorrow in the loss of one, whose enlarged culture, wise counsels, uniform kindness and pure life, greatly endeared him to all with whom he was, in any way, connected.

Resolved, That in our grief we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well, and gratefully recognize his goodness in permitting our revered friend to labor for nearly half a century, so faithfully in the service of the Church, and in a life of varied and active usefulness to illustrate so beautifully the principles which he professed.

Resolved, That while we shall ever fondly cherish in our memory the many excellencies which adorned his character, his consistent life and peaceful death, we rejoice that we can think of him as now engaged in a higher and purer service in the presence of his glorified Master, "where there is fulness of joy and pleasures for evermore."

Resolved, That, as we mingle our sympathies with the bereaved family, we earnestly commend them to their covenant-keeping Father in Heaven, who has never denied consolation to those who reverently say, "Not our will, but thine, O Lord, be done."

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered on our Minutes, and a copy be furnished to the family of the deceased.

M. L. STOEVER, *Secretary*.

Resolutions of the Executive Committee of the Pennsylvania Educational Society of the Lutheran Church.

Whereas, In the Providence of God our friend and associate, Rev. Dr. KRAUTH, a member of the Education Committee, and its Chairman for upwards of thirty years, from the organization of the Society, has, since our last meeting, been removed by death from the scenes and cities of life, we desire, in recording this afflictive dispensation upon our minutes, to give expression to the high estimation in which the deceased was held by us all.—His connexional attendance at our meetings, his wisdom and experience, his uniform kindness and courtesy, rendered him a valuable member of the Committee, and gave to his opinions great weight. The loss we have sustained we greatly deplore.

Resolved, That the Secretary furnish a copy of this record to the sorrowing family, with the assurance of our sincere sympathy in their bereavement.

E. BREIDENBAUGH,
Secretary, pro. tem.

SAD OCCURRENCE.—We regret to learn that on Thursday morning last, Mr. JACOB CRISWELL, of Straban township, residing on the York pike, met with a terrible accident, resulting in immediate death. Mr. CRISWELL, with some neighbors, had been in pursuit of a dog said to be mad, and losing sight of the dog, had stopped to rest himself on a fence, with his gun at his side, the muzzle resting against his breast. The top rail gave way, and by some means in the fall the gun was discharged, the entire contents entering Mr. C.'s side, causing instant death.—Mr. C. leaves a widow and large family of children.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.—The annual session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, of Pennsylvania, was held in Philadelphia last week. The principal business of the session was the reading of reports, the admission of new members, and the installation of the officers to serve during the ensuing year. On Wednesday an official visit was made by the Grand Sire of the Grand Lodge of the United States, and in the evening a grand complimentary supper was given to Grand Sire Sanders, which was attended by the representatives of the Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment. The following is a list of the officers installed:

M. W. G. S.—Richard Watson, of Pa., Doylestown.
R. W. D. G. S.—Peter Deery, of Pa., Philadelphia.
R. W. G. W.—Samuel F. Bowmer, Pa., Bridesburg.
R. W. G. Secretary—Wm. Curtis, Philadelphia.
R. W. G. Treasurer—M. Richard Wyckle, Philada.
R. W. G. R. to the U. S.—I. Alex. Simpson, Phila.

The annual session of the Grand Encampment was also held in the same city, and the following declared elected officers for the ensuing year:

M. W. G. Patriarch—Jarvis W. Tindall, of No. 58.
M. W. G. High Priest—Maurice Finch, of N. J., 111.
R. W. G. Senior Warden—Samuel N. Fisher, of No. 17.
R. W. G. Warden—James A. Stokes, of No. 161.
R. W. G. Scribe—Wm. Curtis, of No. 17.
R. W. G. Treasurer—Henry Saudcock, of No. 2.
W. G. Sentinel—Jas. Bingham, Jr.
W. G. Outside Sentinel—C. Hunter, of No. 2.
R. W. G. Rep. to G. L. of U. S.—John W. Stokes, of No. 17.

H. C. Peters and R. D. Armor were in attendance from this county, the former representing York Springs Lodge, and the latter Gettys Lodge.

THE GOOD TEMPLARS.—The organization known as the Independent Order of Good Templars seems to be wielding a most powerful influence for the furtherance of the cause of temperance, throughout the length and breadth of our land. The quiet but zealous working of the Order appears the chief cause of its success in reclaiming back again to sobriety, self-respect and society, those who were formerly the worthless drunkards of our daily acquaintance and the wretched members of poverty-stricken households. In New England and in the West it is enormously large and is becoming constantly increased. In Pennsylvania alone there are 265 Lodges, with a membership of 40,000. There are two Lodges of this organization in Gettysburg, in flourishing condition.

EVERGREEN CEMETERY.—Last evening, the annual meeting was held. The present officers were re-elected without opposition:

President—J. L. Schick.
Managers—Wm. B. Meals, George Little, Alexander Cobean, John Rupp, Andrew Polley, Josiah Benner, Geo. Spangler, of A.

The Report shows that the debt has been reduced $1145.79 within the year, by collections, surrenders of notes given in exchange for certificates of stock, &c. The remaining debt is $1988.28. We will give the Report and full statement next week.

IMPORTANT TO TAVERN-KEEPERS.—The late Legislature passed an act requiring that all places where liquor is sold shall be closed at twelve o'clock every night and during Sunday. The following is a section of the act:

"SEC. 5. All persons, thus licensed, shall close or shut up their bar or place of sale at or before the hour of twelve every night, and not open the same until sunrise next day, and on Sunday shall not open them at all, but keep them shut until Monday at sunrise; this is not designed to prevent the reception and lodging of persons traveling, without violation of law."

The same act prohibits the sale or gift of liquor or beer to minors and apprentices without the written consent of parents, guardians or masters. Selling or giving liquor to habitual drunkards is to be punished by forfeiture of license. Selling or giving liquor to a husband, wife or child, against the request of child, wife or husband, is made punishable by all the fines and forfeitures of the act, and the party so selling or giving shall in all cases be liable for damages in any court of competent jurisdiction. The penalty for violation of the act is a fine of not more than twenty dollars, and, in default of payment, imprisonment of not more than five days. Constables, sheriffs and policemen are required to enforce the requirements of the act, and to arrest all persons found drunk and take them before a magistrate, where, when sober enough, their testimony shall be taken against those from whom the liquor was obtained. See General Laws, 1867, No. 70, pp. 90.

PASTOR CALLED.—The Lutheran Congregation of Newville have given Rev. H. W. MCKNIGHT, of the Theological Seminary, a unanimous call.

☞ Senator MCCONAUGHY has our thanks for a copy of the Adjutant General's Report.

COMPENSATION FOR DAMAGES.—Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS has issued the following interesting paper. Parties concerned, should promptly transmit facts in their possession to Mr. STEVENS:

LANCASTER, May 23, 1867.

To the Chairmen of the County Committees and the Assessors of the Townships of the Counties of Adams, Franklin, Fulton, Bedford, Somerset, Perry, Cumberland and York.

GENTLEMEN: As I am about to prosecute the claims for confiscation at the next session of Congress if I should be permitted to appear there, I desire to ascertain certain facts. Will you aid me in procuring them in a small part of our own State? Invite returns from all the people in each township of the amount of property which the rebel raiders or the armies of the so-called "Confederate States" destroyed or appropriated to their own use during their several incursions into Pennsylvania, and hand the same to the Assessors of the different townships, who are requested to return the aggregate for each township to the Chairmen of the respective parties for the different counties.—May I here ask that the various newspapers of the counties above named, publish this notice for a few weeks in aid of the object specified, as I intend to press the payment of the damages done to loyal men, out of the confiscated property of the conquered belligerent. I desire each and every person who resided in the above named counties to make out a list of the amount of all property of which he was despoiled by the rebel raiders or the rebel Government, and return the same to the assessors of his township who, I hope, will forward the same to the Chairmen of the County Committees of each party, who I hope will take the trouble to aggregate the same and return it to me. I desire a fair valuation to be placed on all the property, whether personal property abstracted, or real property destroyed, except Calhoun Iron Works in the County of Franklin, which will not be appraised as no remuneration is claimed for it. This may seem to be asking our friends to take considerable trouble, but as a small part of the labor only falls to each person it will be found light. I hope it may finally prove profitable to the injured people.

Yours,
THADDEUS STEVENS.

P. S. We fear it not presumptuous in me, I would invite all the loyal men of all the States who have been plundered by rebel raiders or confiscated by the Confederate States or either of them, to form associations and furnish statistics, such as are above solicited. Claims so imperatively just, must be finally allowed and paid, but the funds to pay the same will certainly be raised nowhere except out of the fines and confiscations of the richer and more atrocious malefactors. Feeble as my powers are, if I had five years more added to my life, I should not doubt but that this would become an accomplished fact. Such justice urged

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

York.

At an election for officers held on Saturday, May 18th, by the lot holders of Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Hanover, the following gentlemen were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

President—Henry C. Shriver.
Secretary—L. F. Melsheimer.
Treasurer—Edgar Slagle.
Managers—Henry C. Shriver, Edgar Slagle, Edward A. Etzler, John R. Stine, Wm. J. Young, Henry Winebrenner, David Wertz, David M. Myers and L. F. Melsheimer.

The Hanover *Spectator* says the sight of the wheat and rye fields in that section does one's heart good. As far as the eye can reach the fields of waving green stretch away until lost in the distance, rich with the promise of an abundant yield. The wheat never looked stronger or better than it does this season, and the same may be said as regards the rye. The farmers are jubilant over the prospect of once more harvesting an old-fashioned crop.

At an election for officers held on Friday, the 17th inst., by the members of the Hanover Horse Thief Detecting Society, the following gentlemen were duly elected to fill the respective offices:

President—George Slagle.
Secretary—Wm. J. Young.
Treasurer—Henry C. Schriver.
Managers—Jacob M. Bricker, 3 years; Isaac Loucks, 3 years; Charles F. Eichelberger, 3 years; Amos Lefevre, 3 years; Oliver Wareheim, 2 years.
Auditors—Peter Flickinger, 1 year; Rufus Eichelberger, 1 year; Abner W. Forney, 1 year.

Last Saturday, while Geo. W. Kuhns, of York, was traveling in a buggy in Hellam township, along the road leading to Glatz's Ferry, John Wolf, who resides in that township, asked to ride in the buggy, and his prayer was granted. After proceeding a short distance, Wolf attempted to search Kuhns, when a scuffle ensued, and three other persons suddenly assisting the former, the latter fled. On the return of Kuhns with assistance, the robbers had disappeared, but his horse, vehicle and coat were left near the scene of the outrage. The coat contained a pocket-book with a little money, and this was carried off.

A gang of horse-thieves have been operating on a large scale in York county. Last Wednesday night a bay mare owned by Mr. Beshore, Sen., near Liverpool, was stolen from his stable. He valued the animal at $200.—The same night one of Samuel Shelly's horses at Emigsville, was stolen from his stable.—His horse was branded "U. S."

A mare belonging to Mr. Coppenhaffer, near Liverpool, had been taken out of the stable the same night, but when it was discovered that she had foaled only a day or two previously, the animal was left run on the owner's premises.

A few weeks since some thief made off with one of George Bear's horses, of the same township.

The York *Pennsylvanian* says that a pig with two tails, eight legs, and an unusually large head, was found in the stable of Mr. Rauhauser, at Lockport, York county.

A new German Reformed congregation has been organized in York, taking about sixty families from the old church. The *True Democrat* says "the principal cause for the division is the difference of opinion in regard to the ritual."

Lancaster.

The Triennial Synod of the Moravian Church met on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, in the Church at Litiz, and was opened by the venerable Bishop Jacobson, of Bethlehem, Pa. A permanent organization was effected by the election of Right Reverend David Bigler, as President, and Rev. Wm. H. Rice, of New Haven, Conn., as Secretary of the Synod. Favorable and encouraging reports relative to the success attending the various operations of the past year were read by Rev. F. F. Hengan, Secretory, and Rev. Sylvester Wolle, Treasurer of the Provincial Board of Control, and Rev. E. de Schweinitz, editor of *The Moravian*.

The Lancaster *Express* says that on Saturday afternoon last, a German shoemaker residing in North Prince street, in that city, made a desperate attempt to terminate his earthly career by throwing himself in front of a railroad train. A freight train was approaching from the west, and when at the junction of Prince street and the Railroad, the man deliberately walked to the middle of the track, and in a moment would have been crushed to death but for the fact that his movements were observed by some of the neighbors who dragged him from his perilous position. He struggled to get loose and finally succeeded, when he made another rush for the train and attempted to throw himself under the wheels, but was struck by a bumper, knocked down and stunned. It appears the man was under the influence of liquor at the time, and would give no further explanation of his conduct than that he was tired of life and wanted to die.

Franklin.

The Waynesboro *Record* says that much of the fruit in that region, such as cherries, pears, peaches, etc., have been very much damaged by the late frosts and heavy rains. The prospect for an apple crop is good, however.

The same paper says that the earlier wheat is already beginning to head. An aged farmer remarked the other day that he had not witnessed in the last forty years better prospects for a good wheat harvest.

A painful accident occurred at the Machine Shop of Messrs. Geiser, Price & Co., in Waynesboro', on the 21st inst. A young man named Bowman, was engaged at work at or near the spoke machine, when it broke, a piece of casting striking him in the face and wounding him very severely, but not fatally.

The grain crops throughout the county promise well. Many of the farmers are already engaging hands to harvest it, anticipating a very heavy yield.

Chief of Police, Barney Campbell, of Harrisburg, passed through Chambersburg one day last week, having in custody a man named John Duncan, charge with robbing Samuel Wiggins, of Scranton, Pa., of one hundred dollars in National bills. Duncan was arrested in Waynesboro'.

Robert E. Crooks, formerly Editor of the "Pilot," at Greencastle, died on the 19th inst., in Venango county, aged 27 years. He served his country faithfully and creditably during the whole war of the Rebellion.

Washington.

Within the past ten days quite a number of Pennsylvanians, hailing from Lancaster, Mifflin, Huntingdon and Centre counties, have been passing through Hagerstown *en route* for the Valley of Virginia. They come in groups generally of from four to eight, and travel by stage or in private conveyance to the Valley. These men are seeking investment in real estate.

Frederick.

The Frederick *Examiner* says that the Directors of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of that City, last week declared a Dividend of eight per cent. for the six months ending the 18ths inst., and having declared a similar dividend for the previous six months, it makes sixteen per cent. for the year.

Fulton.

There will be a Methodist Camp Meeting, commencing Aug. 30, on the Ridge road, two miles south of Bloody Run.

The Oil mania in Fulton still continues.—Boring is going on at the Oil Wells in Bethel township, and at Warfordsburg—the operators feeling sanguine of success.

The *Republican* says that considerable excitement and prospecting is going on in Belfast town'p, over alleged discoveries of silver and gold.

Cumberland.

On Wednesday evening last, at the Mount Holly Paper Company's mill, a most serious accident occurred. Mr. Parker, the foreman of the mill was adjusting a band on one of the large rolls, when his arm was caught between the band and the cylinder and his body carried round the shaft for several minutes at the rate of sixty revolutions per minute. When assistance arrived and Mr. Parker had been extricated, he had become quite insensible; his arm was terribly crushed, the bone having been fractured in five places. The injured man is about sixty years of age, and the shock to his system has been so great that he is in a very critical condition.

On Sunday night last a very fine horse belonging to Prof. Eby, of Mechanicsburg, was stolen from the Professor's stable. On Monday evening the thief and horse were captured at Landisburg.

A Rabid Dog was killed a few days ago near Bloserville, in Cumberland county. Reports say that there were several killed recently in Franklin county.

J. M. Weakley, Esq., has been appointed Commissioner in Bankruptcy, for the 15th Congressional district.

Dauphin.

A little child very narrowly escaped a terrible and perhaps fatal fall, on Thursday, in Harrisburg. The little one was leaning out of a second story window, when it by some means lost its balance, and fell out head foremost. Fortunately its arm struck and knocked the prop from under the raised window, and the window fell upon the child's ankles and held it till help arrived.

On Sunday a Buckeye poultry dealer having in charge a car containing nearly three thousand chickens, passed through Harrisburg.—The chickens had been purchased in Ohio, and were *en route* for the New York market.

Review of the Markets.

GETTYSBURG GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET.

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning.

Super Flour	$12 00@13 25	Apples	$0 00@0 00
Extra Flour	13 50@14 00	Potatoes	60@70
Rye Flour	7 00@ 8 00	Butter	30
White Wheat	2 90@3 00	Lard	12
Red Wheat	2 60@2 80	Eggs	14
Corn	90	Bacon Hams	16@18
Rye	1 15 "	Sides	11
Oats	60 "	Shoulders	11
Buckwheat	80	Peaches	10@20
Timothy Seed	2 50	Cherries	6
Clover Seed	6 00	Apples	6
Flax Seed	2 25	Blackberries	12
Plaster Paris	12 00	Soap	6@7
Hay per ton	16 00@18 00	Tallow	10

BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, *Monday Morning.*

Flour continues languid and prices are tending lower. All high grades of Flour are 50 cents lower. And the market generally is much depressed. We hear only of small sales within the range of quotations, which we revise as follows: Howard Street Super and Cut Extra $10.25@$11.75; Standard Extra $12.50@$13.50; High Grade $13.75@$15.25; Family $15.50@$16.50. Rye Flour at $8.50@$8.75. Corn Meal $5.00@$5.70.

Grain.—Wheat.—Receipts 250 bushels white and 200 bushels red. The market is very weak and drooping, and prices have a very decided downward tendency. We note sales to-day as follows: 46 bushels choice Maryland red at 310 cents; 315 bushels medium do. at 305 cents; 250 bushels White, Va. and Md. at 275 cents, and 300 bushels Frederick county Maryland red at 282 cents. The latter was a mixed lot.—Corn.—Receipts 42,953 bushels white and 16,727 bushels yellow. White sold at 110@113 cents. Yellow at 107@113. Oats are 5 to 4 cents lower; receipts 6,230 bushels; sales 100 bushels at 80 cents, and 1,200 at 77 cents, weight.

Provisions.—The market is very inactive but prices are not quotably lower. Holders are generally firm, stocks being much reduced. We note sales to-day of 40 bbls. Rump Pork at $18.50, and 10 bbls. clear Mess at $20; Mess is scarce and is held at $23.75@$24. Bulk Meats are held at 9 cents for Shoulders; 10½@11 cents for Sides; Bacon 10@10¼ cents for Shoulders; 12@12¼ cents for rib Sides, and 12¾@12¾ cents for clear rib; Hams 16@17 cents for sugar-cured canvassed, and 15½@16 cents for uncanvassed. Lard steady at 13½@13¾ cents for Western.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Monday Morning.

The transactions at the Baltimore Stock Board to-day were very small. In Gold only $8,000 changed hands at 137.

For Government Securities there was very little demand. 5 20s of '64 sold at 105¼, and coupons at 108¾. Railroad Stocks were dull, and the miscellaneous list was entirely neglected.

MARRIED.

Bowers—Bosserman.—On the 30 inst., by Rev. M. Bushman, Mr. Amos F. Bowers to Miss Catharine Bosserman, both of this co.

Hilderrand—Orndorff.—On the 22nd ult., by Rev. M. J. Alleman, Mr. Thaddeus M. Hilderbrand to Miss Mary C. Orndorff, both of this county.

Unger—Seiler.—On the 16th ult., by Rev. Jacob Seelhier, Mr. Andrew Unger to Miss Eliza Seiler, of Hanover.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 3 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notice.

Criswell.—On Thursday last, in Straban township, Mr. Jacob Criswell, aged 42 years 1 month and 19 days.

Fidler.—On the 1st inst., Mr. Daniel Fidler, of Straban township, aged 56 years 1 month and 15 days.

Sweeney.—At Jacksonville, Ill., on the 27th ult., Mr. James Sweeney, son of Mr. David Sweeney, of this place, in the 34th year of his age.

Warner.—Near Bendersville, on the 25th ult., Mr. John Warner, in the 56th year of his age.

Special Notices.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 604 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.–1y

KNOW THY DESTINY.

Madame E. F. Thornton, the great English Astrologist Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by her aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, Madame E. F. Thornton, P. O. Box 222, Hudson, New York. [Feb. 28, 1867.–1y

A YOUNG LADY

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance a hundred fold. It is unique in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended, it should be, clear, soft smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for the sale of the same.
Feb. 25, 1867.–1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for nuplasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 28, 1867.–1y

A Clear Smooth Skin and Beautiful Complexion follow the use of Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla.
It removes Mask Spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

New Advertisements.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

This remedy has long been cherished by the community for its remarkable efficacy in relieving, healing and curing the most obstinate, painful and long-standing cases of *Cough, Cold, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Inflammation of the Lungs;* while even *Consumption* itself has yielded to its magic influence when all other means have failed. Its whole history proves that the past has produced no remedy of equal value, as a cure for the numerous and dangerous pulmonary affections which prevail all over the land.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From Andrew Archer, Esq., of Fairfield, Me.

"About eight years since my son, Henry A. Archer, now Postmaster at Fairfield, Somerset County, Me., was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of Lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a "Seated Consumption." He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit from it. At length, from the solicitation of himself and others, I was induced to purchase *one bottle* of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which benefitted him so much I obtained another bottle, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I think I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, I think, all it purports to be—THE GREAT LUNG REMEDY FOR THE TIMES! The above statement, gentlemen, is my *voluntary* offering to you in favor of your Balsam, and is at your disposal."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.
June 5, 1867.—1m

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

Amesbury, Mass., Oct. 13, 1867.

Mr. Grace—Dear Sir:—Having been afflicted grievously for several weeks with a severe abscess upon my side, I used several remedies for its eradication without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure. I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues.

Yours with respect,
JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statement.
H. S. Dearborn, M. D.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.
Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cts. a box. By mail 30 cts.
June 5, 1867.—1m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be valuable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

DR. R. HORNER'S

DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

His own preparations are all guaranteed to answer the purposes intended.

Dr. R. Horner's Anti-Cholera and Diarrhœa mixture, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Olein for Chapped Hands.

Fragrant Wash, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.

His Tonic and Alterative Powders, for Horses and Cattle, are superior to any in the market.

Pure Liquors for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Medical advice without charge.

June 5, 1867.—tf

BOUNTY ACCOUNT.

A GENERAL STATEMENT of the Bounty Account of UNION TOWNSHIP, Adams county, Pa., made the 12th day of April, 1867.

Year 1865.—SAMUEL REBERT, Treasurer.

DR.

To Tax received	$1,580 73
CR.	
By Harman Strine's substitute	$500 00
" Charles Sagmiser's "	500 00
" Lewis Musser's "	100 00
" Auditor's fees and stationary	9 00
" Notes and interest	3,389 30
	4,498 30
Balance in hands of Treasurer	$2 43
	4,500 73

Year 1866.—SAMUEL REBERT, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance in hands of Treasurer	$2 43
Tax received from John Kellenberger, Collector	100 00
Tax received from Harman Strine collector	600 00
" " " "	220 00
" " " "	250 00
" " " "	730 00
" " " "	700 00
" " " "	100 00
" " " "	42 00
	3,017 43

CR

Notes and interest paid to Martin Grove	$215 41
" " " Joseph L. Shorb	1,206 00
Paid Lewis Mause	296 00
Notes and interest paid to Geo. Bashoar	380 00
" " " Harman Strine	520 00
Money paid to Jacob Basehoar	5 00
Auditors' fees	3 00
Money paid Benjamin Forry	310 00
" " John Spangler	10 60
Treasurer's fees	37 99
	3,002 89
Balance in hands of Treasurer	14 54
	3,017 43

Year 1867.—JOHN BAUBLITZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance from former Treasurer	$14 54
Received of John Kellenberger, Collector	53 97
Tax assessed for 1866	404 70
	472 31

CR.

Note and interest to T. J. McClain	$318 00
Jacob Bair, Committee	6 80
Jacob M. Bollinger, "	7 00
Samuel P. Young, "	3 60
John Kellenberger, Collector	21 16
Exonerations	2 40
Auditors' fees	3 00
Clerks' fees	2 00
Collectors' fees, Samuel Becker	8 08
Treasurer's fees	2 28
Committee fees	5 00
	378 32
Balance in hands of Treasurer	96 99
	472 31

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Union township, having audited the Bounty Accounts of the above named Treasurers do certify that they are correct to the best of our knowledge and belief. Witness our hands the 10th day of April, 1867.

AMOS LEPEVER,
ABRAHAM SELL,
DAVID BOYER,
Auditors.
June 5, 1867.–3t*

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

On "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, to made to order, all kinds of RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY NETS, &c.
as low as the lowest.
May 29, 1867.–tf J. M. ROWE.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.–tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

NEW FIRM! AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that, since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old establishment and well known stand on Baltimore Street; one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage.

Feb. 1, 1866. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horse Saddles,
Plain or Quilted Seat no-horn Saddles,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,
Wagon Saddles,
Riding Bridles, (all kinds),
Carriage Harness, all styles,
Blind Bridles,
Heavy Draft Harness,
Blind Bridles,
Gigths,
Crupper,

Stocked with Leather,
Harness, all kinds, with or without fastenings,
Saddles, (forking),
Seat Side Scotch Collars (leather),
" " (forking),
No Seam Collars,
Best Wait Harness Collars,
Patent Leather Collars,
Fair or black, rounded or stitched or unstitched flat,
Best Leather Wagon Whips,
4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 Sheeting,
Plaited Team Whips,
Fancy or black mounted,
Trotting Whips,
Ladies' Riding Trigs,
Whip Lashes,
Horse Blankets, &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class genuine horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material and by the most experienced workmen in the country. Those having work to do in this establishment for the last fifty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent article of Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer the same to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as we are determined to please all who favor us with their patronage.

Feb. 1, 1866.–tf DAVID McCREARY & SON.

New Advertisements.

Apprentice Wanted.

A boy of about 15 to 18 years of age, of good habits, fair intelligence, who desires to learn the Printing business, can get a place by applying at once at this Office.

SETTLE UP.

THE books of Biddle & Strickhouser have been placed in my hands for collection. All claims not settled by the first of July next, will immediately thereafter be closed by suit.

June 5, 1867.–2t A. J. COVER.

HATS, CAPS, FURS.

S. S. McCREARY

Has just opened a new assortment of HATS and CAPS, of the latest style and fashion, which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices and lower than the same goods can be had in the city. Call and examine his stock, at his old establishment on Chambersburg street, opposite Buehler's Drug Store.

Gettysburg, June 5, 1867.–1y

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND,

for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at S. G. SHEARER'S
New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.
June 5, 1867.–1y

P. T. BARNUM'S (Patent)

ELASTIC STRAP AND BUCKLE,

FOR

PANTS, VESTS and DRAWERS.

This little invention is just out, and as it is no "humbug," is meeting with a rapid sale. It can be applied in a moment to any garment, by any person, causing it to fit perfectly.

Its elasticity prevents tearing the straps and buckles off the clothes, and also allows perfect freedom of the body while working or taking exercise.

For sale by tailors and the trade generally. Send 25 cts. for strap, circulars, terms to agents and the trade, to the BARNUM E. S. & B. CO.
659 Broadway, New York.

Agents Wanted in every county.
June 5, 1867.–1y

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer for sale my FARM situated in Straban township, two miles south of Gettysburg, on the turnpike leading to York, and known on the old Trostle Farm. It contains 151 ACRES of good land, and is in a high state of cultivation. It has been thoroughly limed, and is in good repair. The fences are mostly of good locust posts and chestnut rails. There are about 20 ACRES in good Meadow, lying in three separate parts. There are also about 35 acres of thriving timber and good springs of Water in every field except one. There is a new two story BRICK HOUSE, and a Bank Barn over 100 feet long newly covered. There is an excellent Spring near the House; also a good well of water near the Barn.—About 5 Acres are covered with excellent grafted Fruit—Apples and peaches.

☞Any person wishing to purchase a good Home will do well to view this snug little Farm before purchasing elsewhere.

JOSEPH TROSTLE.
June 5, 1867.—tf

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer at private sale at my residence in Tyrone township, one mile west of Heidlersburg, on the Menallen road, 100 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, on which are a two-story Log House, weather-boarded, and plastered. Stone Kitchen, and Bank Barn. There is a good well of Water near the House; also two streams of never-failing water running through the farm. About 20 Acres are of young thriving TIMBER, with a never-failing Spring of running water thereon. There are about 25 Acres of good Meadow Land; also a good Lime Kiln on the farm, and a good ORCHARD OF FRUIT. The Farm has been plainly told three times within fifteen years. It is in a high state of cultivation, and is surrounded with Mills and Churches. There is a good School-house on the farm.

☞Any person wishing to see the Farm, can call on the York turnpike, will find me at home at all times.

June 5, 1867.—tf JOSEPH TROSTLE.

APPEALS.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

TAXES.—Notice is hereby given that Appeals will be received relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or assessments returned to this office in the annual list of Internal Revenue Taxes for 1867, on *Saturday, the 15th day of June inst.*, at the office of F. C. Neely, in Gettysburg, for persons residing in Adams county.

The lists and assessments will be open to the inspection and examination of all parties interested from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

All appeals are required to be in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and state the grounds or principle of error complained of.

WM. McSHERRY,
Assessor 15th Dist. Penn'a.
Littlestown, June 5, 1867.–2t

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

Drugs and Medicines.

FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals. Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

☞Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

JOHN S. FORNEY.
Aug. 9, 1866.

A. D. BUEHLER,

THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKS,

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY OF ALL KINDS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Chambersburg street, near Diamond.

May 29, 1867.–1y

Real Estate Sales.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned having quit business, will sell her FARM at private sale, situated in Mountjoy township, Adams county, near the road leading from the Two Taverns to Hunterstown, about two miles from the former place, containing about

155 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements are a one and half story House and Log Barn, with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hog House, Carriage House, Spring House, and other necessary outbuildings and a never failing Spring of Water near the door, and all kinds of Fruit on the farm. The land is in a good state of cultivation with sufficient quantity of Wood Land and Meadow. The fences are in good condition, with a great many Chestnut Rails. The property is convenient to School, Church, Market and Lime.

☞Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on Mr. Henry Mummert living on the farm.

May 29, 1867.–3t* CATHARINE STONER.

☞A York *True Democrat* insert to amount of $3 and charge this office.

TIMBER LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.

The subscribers, Executors of the Last will and testament of John Dull, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 15th day of June next*, on the premises, a

PRIME TIMBER LAND,

situate in Menallen township, Adams county, about one mile north of Bendersville, on the road leading from that place to Holly Paper Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Reber, Isaac Wright, William McCreary, and others, containing

ABOUT 68 ACRES,

laid off in lots of from 5 to 9 ACRES, and covered with first-rate White Black and Rock Oak, and Hickory TIMBER.

The lots, with but two exceptions, adjoin the public road and all are of easy access. Persons wishing to view the land are requested to call on David Dull, residing nearit.

☞Sale to commence at o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by CONRAD DULL,
JESSE DULL,
Executors.
May 29, 1867.–3t

FARMS FOR SALE.

I will sell the Farms,

No. 1. Lying on the Harrisburg and Gettysburg road between York Springs and Heidlersburg, containing 121 ACRES, with improvements, now occupied by James Miller. Price $25 per acre.

No. 2. Lying on the Carlisle and New Oxford road, between Heidlersburg and New Chester, containing 145 ACRES, with good improvements, now occupied by George J. Shank. Price $85 per acre.

Terms: One half to be paid on the delivery of the deed; the balance to suit the purchaser, either in cash or in first Judgment Bonds of not less than Farms No. 1, and $400 for No. 2, to be paid annually with interest.

☞These farms are patented, lie handsomely and have been limed.

May 29, 1867.–tf W. F. BONNER.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at Private Sale 3 Book Cases, 1 Marble top Dressing Bureau, 1 Bedstead, 2 Tables, 2 Rocking Chairs, 1 Cook Stove and Fixtures, and several other articles for household use—all in good order.

May 29, 1867.–tf J. R. WARNER.

Miscellaneous.

THE GREAT RADICAL NEWSPAPER.

FORNEY'S PRESS.

NO COMPROMISE WITH TRAITORS!

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESS.

A first-class Double-sheet Eight-page paper, containing Forty-eight columns.

Published Every Morning, Southwest corner of SEVENTH and CHESTNUT streets, Philadelphia.

TERMS.

DAILY PRESS.

$8.00 PER ANNUM.
$4.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$2.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS.

$4.00 PER ANNUM.
$2.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
$1.00 FOR THREE MONTHS.

THE SUNDAY PRESS.

$2.00 PER ANNUM.
$1.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,

THE MOST VALUABLE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

It contains items of interest to every one.

READ THE TERMS.

One Copy	$2 00 per annum.
Five Copies	9 00 " "
Ten Copies	17 50 " "
Twenty Copies	33 00 " "

To the getter up of a Club of Ten or more Copies an extra copy will be given.

All orders should be addressed to

JOHN W. FORNEY,
Editor and Proprietor,
S. W. cor. SEVENTH and CHESTNUT Sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
May 29.–tf

GROVESTEEN & CO.'S

PIANO FORTES,

MANUFACTORY, 499 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THE attention of the Public and the trade is invited to our NEW SCALE 7 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO FORTES, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled, by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements, French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Iron Frame, overstrung Bass, etc., and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesteen, who has had a practical experience of over 35 years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano Fortes" receives the award merit over all others at the celebrated World's Fair. Where were established instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and almost the American Institute for five successive years, the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warerooms.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

☞Small key cash or quarterly payments.

☞DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS SENT FREE.

J. & C. GROVESTEEN & CO.
[June 7, 1866.–1y

NOT a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla is a remedy of the utmost value.

THOSE who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify their blood, which is the source of complexion, disease, and the cause of pimples, blotches, and sores. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, in use 30 years.

Forge and Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machine, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Corn Fodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new.

May 29.—tf DAVID STERNER.

IRON—IRON—IRON!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the Public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their steam Mill, and are now manufacturing

Forge-Hammered Iron,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.

BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B. The highest market price paid for wrought-scrap Iron.

Dec. 13, 1866. B. & W.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

NEW LUMBER YARD IN EMMITTSBURG, MD.

WE would respectfully inform the public that we have established a LARGE LUMBER YARD in Emmittsburg, Md.

LUMBER, SCANTLING, PICKETS AND LATHS FLOORING BOARDS, WINDOWS, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS,

and every description of Building Lumber furnished at the lowest cash prices, by

WILLIAM ULRICH,
Agent for Potter & Co.
June 21, 1866.—tf

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices as low as can be afforded for profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half boards, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞A supply of Shingles always on hand.

Nov. 1,

List of Merchants.

LIST OF MERCHANTS.—Within the County of Adams, returned and classified by the undersigned, Appraiser of Mercntile Taxes, in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, for the year 1867–68, of Goods, Wares and Merchandise:

	Class.	Dolls.	Cts.
GETTYSBURG BOR.			
Fahnestock & Bro.,	6	50	00
Danner & Ziegler,	12	12	50
J. L. Schick,	9	25	00
George Arnold,	13	10	00
Jacob Brinkerhoff,	13	10	00
Row & Woods,	13	10	00
F. B. Picking,	13	10	00
Ephraim Minnich,	13	10	00
John Forney,	14	7	00
Mrs. Mary Martin,	14	7	00
S. M. Gilbert,	14	7	00
Michael Spangler,	10	20	00
" Shoe Store,	14	7	00
Miss H. McCreary,	14	7	00
S. S. McCreary,	14	7	00
A. D. Buehler,	11	15	00
Cobean & Crawford,	13	10	00
Jacobs & Brother,	14	7	00
A. Scott & Son,	13	10	00
John Gruel,	14	7	00
Dr. Robert Horner,	14	7	00
Miss Mary McAllister,	13	10	00
Joseph Gillespie,	13	10	00
Hendricks & Warren,	14	7	00
Boyer & Son,	12	12	50
A. R. Fiestel,	14	7	00
Henry Overdeer,	13	10	00
Theo. Norris,	13	10	00
Philip Winters,	14	7	00
Lewis Stose,	14	7	00
Wm. J. Martin,	12	12	50
Bittle & Benner (Warehouse),	8	30	00
McCurdy & Diehl, "	8	30	00
Culp & Earnshaw, "	10	20	00
Alex. Spangler, "	8	30	00
C. H. Buehler,	11	15	00
Quinn & Reilly,	14	7	00
John M. Swan,	13	10	00
Duphorn & Hoffman,	12	12	50
Rebert & Elliott,	13	10	00
Miss Nott,	14	7	00
George F. Kalbfleisch,	14	7	00
Wm. & Henry Meals,	14	7	00
John Warner,	14	7	00
Mrs. H. M. Paxton,	14	7	00
James Pierce,	14	7	00
George H. Swope,	14	7	00
S. G. Cook,	14	7	00
Daniel Culp,	14	7	00
Geo. C. Strickhouser,	14	7	00
Wm. T. King,	14	7	00
Joseph Wible & Son,	14	7	00
CUMBERLND.			
H. Paxton Bigham,	14	7	00
READING.			
Taughinbaugh & Neely,	14	7	00
Adam S. Myers,	14	7	00
J. & D. Howard,	14	7	00
MENALLEN.			
Epley & Hoopes,	14	7	00
A. T. Wright,	14	7	00
Jacob Pitzer & Son,	13	10	00
C. D. Elden,	14	7	00
H. S. Peters,	14	7	00
Wm. A. Elden,	14	7	00
Burkholder & Hoffman,	14	7	00
Henry Minnich,	14	7	00
Wm. Overdeer,	14	7	00
LIBERTY.			
David Miller,	14	7	00
Samuel Martin,	14	7	00
Charles Buhrman,	14	7	00
Martin Overholtzer,	14	7	00
UNION.			
John Boblitz,	14	7	00
Abraham Sell,	14	7	00
Edward Wentz,	14	7	00
BUTLER.			
Shank & Bro.,	14	7	00
Wm. Miller,	14	7	00
Edward Staley,	14	7	00
Miss Eliza Smith,	14	7	00
Jacob Eppelman,	14	7	00
Jeremiah Golden,	14	7	00
HUNTINGTON.			
J. J. Diehl,	14	7	00
E. Heitshew,	11	15	00
J. Frank Gardner,	14	7	00
Hartman & Sadler,	12	12	50
Mrs. Greist,	14	7	00
Abraham Grove,	14	7	00
Lewis W. Heikes,	14	7	00
B. W. Ziegler,	14	7	00
Samuel A. Miller,	14	7	00
John W. Reitzel,	14	7	00
MOUNTJOY.			
John Yost,	14	7	00
James Collins,	14	7	00
Simon Haus,	14	7	00
Samuel Faber,	14	7	00
Emanuel Feeser,	14	7	00
OXFORD.			
John G. Zouck,	12	12	50
Francis X. Smith,	14	7	00
John Ginter,	14	7	00
David Zeke,	10	20	00
J. C. Neely,	14	7	00
Wm. D. Emmert,	12	12	50
Abraham Sheely,	10	20	00
R. R. Foutz & Bro.,	14	7	00
Jackson Bowers,	14	7	00
Francis Sherman,	14	7	00
Daniel Miller,	14	7	00
Samuel Hoffman,	14	7	00
GERMANY.			
Lydia Myers,	14	7	00
Augustus J. Smith,	14	7	00
STRABAN.			
Philip Hann,	14	7	00
Daniel Golden,	10	20	00
John Graft, jr.,	14	7	00
Hugh King,	14	7	00
Brough & Myers,	14	7	00
Benjamin Eicholtz,	14	7	00
LITTLESTOWN.			
Yount & Spangler,	10	20	00
Steffy & Diehl,	11	15	00
Young & Saub,	11	15	00
Ephraim Myers,	11	15	00
Crouse & Bro.,	12	12	50
Wm. M. Hoford,	14	7	00
Snyder & Son,	14	7	00
Samuel Little,	14	7	00
Mrs. Reesor,	14	7	00
Alex. Shorb,	14	7	00
Weikert, Starr & Co.,	11	15	00
J. W. Duttera,	12	12	50
Martin Steffey,	14	7	00
H. S. Klein,	13	10	00
J. H. Hinkle	14	7	00
David Schwartz,	11	15	00
Harner, Rider & Co.,	10	20	00
Amos Sheely	14	7	00
Maring & Lefever,	13	10	00
A. F. Barker,	14	7	00
HAMILTONBAN.			
George W. Wortz & Hinkle,	14	7	00
Sullivan & Son,	11	15	00
Danner & Shields,	12	12	50
Ezra Overholtzer,	14	7	00
LATIMORE.			
S. M. Brensman,	14	7	00
Adam Lerew,	14	7	00
MOUNTPLEASANT.			
J. & E. Miller,	13	10	00
S. G. Lawrence & Co.,	14	7	00
E. D. Potts,	14	7	00
Wm. A. McSherry,	14	7	00
Simon Harnish,	14	7	00
James Shanebrook,	14	7	00
BERWICK BOR.			
Mary Steffahn,	14	7	00
Dysert & Wivill,	14	7	00
Lewis Jordy,	14	7	00
Mrs. Mayer,	14	7	00
David E. Hollinger,	14	7	00
Wm. Davis,	14	7	00
Dr. Pfeffer & Gochenour,	14	7	00
CONOWAGO.			
John Fowler,	14	7	00
Michael Reilly,	13	10	00
Gubernator & Sneeringer,	14	7	00
Barbara Oaster,	14	7	00
Emanuel Diller,	14	7	00
FRANKLIN.			
Mrs. Rallman,	14	7	00
Martin L. Miller,	14	7	00
Plank & Spangler,	13	10	00
Joseph Livus,	14	7	00
John Carpenter,	14	7	00
Henry W. Witmore,	14	7	00
Jacob Marks,	14	7	00
James Rebert,	14	7	00
A. Little & Bro.,	14	7	00
A. L. Rhoads,	14	7	00
FREEDOM.			
A. Waybright,	14	7	00
HAMILTON.			
J. J. Klein,	14	7	00
Wm. Wolf,	14	7	00
Dr. J. A. Armstrong,	14	7	00
Elijah Spangler,	13	10	00
W. S. Hildebrand,	14	7	00
" (Fancy Store),	14	7	00
Geo. Munderff,	14	7	00
John Geiselman,	14	7	00
John Norbeck,	14	7	00
Daniel Raffensperger,	14	7	00
Geo. W. Spangler,	13	10	00
TYRONE.			
P. & C. Yeagle,	14	7	00
John F. Hoock,	14	7	00
Daniel Delap,	14	7	00
DISTILLERIES & BREWERS.			
Adam Diehl,		5	00
John Henning,		5	00

APPEAL.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned in the above return of classification, that I will hold an Appeal at the Commissioners' Office, on SATURDAY, the 15th of JUNE next, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M., which all persons that may consider themselves aggrieved by said classification may attend.

J. M. WALTER,
Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for Adams Co.

Agricultural Implements.

THE PREMIUM

MOWER AND REAPER

DODGES' HARVESTER.

AWARDED the Special Diploma and Grand Medal of *Honor* as the best combined *Mower* Hand-Raking Reaper and Self-Raking Reaper—on exhibition at the great fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association October 6th, 1866.

OHIO AND BUCKEYE PATENTS

At the great trial of Reapers and Mowers at Auburn N. Y., in July last by the New York State Agricultural Society, this Machine was awarded the preference over all others in Class No 5. This class was the most important of any as it embraced Mowing and Hand or Self-Raking Reaper in the same Machine.

This Machine has been awarded Medals and first Premiums by the Pennsylvania and Iowa State Fairs, and by hundreds of County Fairs in all parts of the country.—This Machine took the first Premium at the Adams County Agricultural Fair held at Bendersville, September 1866. Also,

Ball's Ohio & Russell's Screw-Power

Both first-class Machines, having sold a number of these Machines in the last three years. They have given general satisfaction wherever used. We ask farmers before buying a machine to call and examine these machines before purchasing elsewhere, as they will be able to make a better selections. We could produce quite a number of certificates from some of our best Farmers in the County, but deem it unnecessary, as we warrant these machines to give satisfaction with a fair trial, or no sale. Insured for one season.

Extras always on hand. We have made arrangements to have repairing done when needed at any time and on moderate terms.

With the above we have for sale a number of valuable farming Implements.

SULKY CORN PLOUGH

Can be used for ploughing and cultivating corn—finishing one row at a time. Can also be used for loosening up corn ground or putting in seed rig—by raising the front shovels it can be used for marking out corn ground —marking two rows at a time. A Complainter can also be attached, planting 2 rows at a time.

CORN CRUSHERS

For crushing corn in the ear or shelled.

STEEL COMPOSITION BELLS

For Schools, Churches, Farms, &c.

STEEL PLOUGHS SMYTH'S PATENT.

HAY RAKES

An article every Farmer should have—the best in the market. Hand or self-discharging

CHAIN HILLS, (Willoughby's Patent) with Crowell's' Guano attachment.

Harrisburg GRAIN FAN (Reynold's Patent) considered the best mill ever in use in this county.

Any of the above machines can be had by calling on or addressing the subscriber 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, where specimen machines can be seen. WM. WIBLE, Agent,

April 4, 1867.—tf. Gettysburg, Pa.

HUBBARD'S

SELF-RAKER.

THE undersigned are agents for this celebrated Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower. This machine has two driving wheels, hinge-joint and folding bar, is very simple in construction, and is recommended by those persons who have used them to be equal in difficult grass to any light machine made for mowing only. It will cut any kind of grass standing or lodged wet or dry can start anywhere without backing, for the truth of this assertion we will refer to those who bought of us last year. It cuts 4 feet 8 inches in grass, 4 feet 6 inches in grain, is a rear-cut, side-delivery, can finish a field without binding a sheaf, and does the most satisfactory work in lodged grain, to be backed by two horses in grain or grass. We claim this of raker to be the best in existence. We will give our reasons for this:

1st. This Self-raker has four rakes (no blanks or fans) which all fall into the lodged grain as low as the knife and several feet in front of it and rise gradually after the grain is on platform, and continue to revolve until you have a sheaf then the driver moves a small lever and either rake will sweep the platform, by this, you will see that you can always have a full sheaf, thereby saving binding, gathering and dividing sheaf.

2nd. If you wish to put the driver on the horses, or the grain is one thickness that it will permit to make a sheaf each revolution, without aid of the driver. You can do so by simple drawing one bolt, and all that is left of the rakes on to drop into the lodged grain and bring it up before the knife reaches it. Here is one point we wish to call your attention too. Take notice where all those rakes strike into the grain and then compare them with blanks on other Self-Rakers.

3rd. If you wish your gate on a swath, tie your lever fast, and it will do its work perfectly and you will be safe for wet weather.

4th. It is a well known fact that in Hand-raking Reapers that the reel must be changed for different kinds of grain, and also necessary for Self-rake to make perfect work in extreme tall or short grain, this rake tracks works in a pivit, and by changing two bolts. We have this most desirable and indispensible improvement over all others. With a combination of these four desirable points, it has been unanimously acknowledged by all disinterested and practical machinists to be decidedly simple and durable in its construction.

At the great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, New York, last July, which is conceded to have been the largest and severest trial ever held in the United States, lasting several weeks, under the entire management of the New York State Agricultural Society, this machine was awarded the Gold Medal for the best Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower. (Class No. 4.) Since the great trial, different machines are claiming Medals and most persons are in a fog about it. Over fifty machines were entered in the different classes for the different medals.

Class No 1, Light Mowers: No. 2, Reapers, Hand Rake (for grain only): No. 2½, Reapers, Self-rake, (for grain only): No. 3, Combined Reaper and Mower, (Hand-rake): No. 4, Combined Reaper and Mower, (Self-rake): No. 5 Combined Hand and Self-raking Reaper and Mower, (thrown out on account of inferior work.)

At the Field Trial held by the Centre County Agricultural Society, on McAllister's farm, last July, Hubbard's Combined Self-raking Reaper and Mower was awarded the highest premium for the best work in grain and grass. See Pamphlets for report. We have machines now on hand and invite farmers to come and see them. We warrant them to give entire satisfaction in all respects. Extras always on hand. Branch Shop at York, Penna. Address Granite Hill Post-office, Adams county, Pa.

Also Pratt & Smedley's Patent Horse Rakes on hand, built by Geo. W. Grant & Co., Columbia, Pa.

HENRY THOMAS & SON, Agents.

MOUNTJOY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—Last harvest I purchased one of your Combined Self Rakers, and I pronounce it a first class Machine. Can cut any kind of Grass wet or dry, at a very slow walk, and never chokes. The Self Raker works very well. I believe that it can bring up lodged Grain that no other Machine can. It will blanks, and can be changed for different kinds of Grain. which is a great advantage. Yours truly,

HENRY W. SWARTZ.

CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—I bought one of your Combined Self Raking Reapers and Mowers, and can pronounce it as a splendid Mower. Never chokes, and of light draught, and the Rake does all it is recommended to do. It is a great advantage to make the sheaves any size you wish. '

Yours truly, JOHN SOCKS, Sr.
JOHN SOCKS, Jr.

STRABAN TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—We, the undersigned, having used and fairly tested the Hubbard Combined Reaper and Mower, (Hand Rake,) can recommend it as of light draught, and free from side-draft, and believe it to be the most durable Machine in our locality, and has given us general satisfaction. Yours truly,

JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF,
JOHN STALEY,
ISAAC F. BRINKERHOFF.

GERMANY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & Co.—We have used one of your Combined Machines after going to see three different Self Rakers working. I immediately put it to the test in grain that leaned away from the Machine on two sides, and it gave entire satisfaction. I then cut my Oats crop, and cut a large quantity of Grass, and will say for the Hubbard that it will not choke in any kind of Grass, wet or dry, standing or lodged, at the slowest gait your horses will walk, is free from side draught, no weight on horses' necks, and is light work for two horses. The Self Rake is without a doubt the best Self Raker out. It has four Rakes, (no blanks,) and can bring up lodged Grain that no Hand Raker can do, and can regulate the sheaves the size you wish—changing the Rake for any kind of Grain. That it will make nice work in the tallest and on the shortest Clover seed, and if the Grain is one thickness, can make a sheaf each revolution of the Raker without any aid from the driver; can also cut with Oats, which is another great advantage to our Machine.

Yours truly, SAMUEL WHANT.

GERMANY TOWNSHIP, April 24th, 1867.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS, WALLACE & CO.—I purchased one of your Combined Self Rakers from your Agents, Henry Thomas & Son, and can consistently recommend it as a very good Mower of light draught, and the Self Raker can bring up Grain that is down better than any Hand Raker can do. Yours truly,

JACOB KING.

I can endorse the above recommendation of Mr. King, as I have one of the same Machines. JONAS ROYER.

Brinkerhoff's

CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. And in proof, it may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select implements for exhibition at the Universal Ex-

Agricultural Implements.

position in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition. One important feature in this machine is that it will shell ears large, small or crooked, perfectly clean, and separates the cob and chaff from the Corn ready for market.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; B. P Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edward Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the N. Y. *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufacturers more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleanses, rapidly and easily, at one operation, as fast as the ears can be put in the hopper."

The undersigned is now prepared to dispose of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.

All letters to be addressed to

WM. WIBLE,
P. O. Box 246, Gettysburg, Pa.

Mar. 14, 1867.

The National Reapers and Mowers.

HOFFHEIN'S PATENTS.

THE No. 1 Machine has Two Driving Wheels Hinge Joint and Folding Bar, making it very convenient to move from one place to another; is very simple in its construction, extremely light draught, and durable, cuts 4 feet 10 inches in grass and 5 feet 2 inches in grain; is a Self-Raker and Side-Delivery, and is capable of cutting a whole field without binding a sheaf, and does the most satisfactory work.

This Machine can also be used as a Hand Machine without injuring its qualities as a Reaper. The Machine is warranted to cut grass as well as any Single Mower that cuts the same width. It is a strong two-horse Machine—three or four can be used, if required, in hilly ground.

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS have been made for the coming season.

The Machine is also perfectly balanced, no weight on the horses' necks in Mowing or Reaping.

Always remember that at the Mowing trial last Summer in Gettysburg, in competition with other leading Machines, the above named Machine was awarded the First Premium. This is a no small Medal, I believe.

No. 2 is a Side Delivery Machine, and is differently constructed, cutting on the right hand side, and in front of Driving Wheel—a Raker and Side Delivery.

The difference in the width of cut is 6 inches.

The shifting lever and the raising and lowering levers are both at the driver's right hand side, and with the right foot upon a pedal and his left upon a foot step, he has the power and control of the whole machine; he can cause it to lower the platform from three to fourteen inches, can throw the machine out of gear, and regulate the rake so as to make the sheaves any size wanted, and all at the same time and without retarding the motion or speed of the machine.

Both of these machines were entered for a fair mowing trial 7 different leading Machines were present at Dillsburg, York, co., last summer and the National Machine was awarded the first premium.

All Machines warranted to give satisfaction! For further information apply to

LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent,
3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 14, 1867.—tf

SHERMAN'S

NATIONAL SELF-DISCHARGING STEEL SPRING TOOTH

Horse Rake!

Patented Sept. 9th, 1862, and Re-issued Dec. 6th, 1864.

THIS Rake is an Independent Steel Spring Tooth Rake, and has proven itself to be the most perfect HORSE RAKE now in use. With this Rake the horse does all the work, he is not Reaching, Discharging, by the Driver moving a lever a few inches, which throws it into gear, and as the horse moves forward it raises the teeth and depresses its head, and then shifts out of gear itself, the teeth dropping down ready to take again. By this operation it is easily understood that the *Rake has absolutely no rest.*

Important improvements have been made of late, making it very simple and durable in its construction. Thousands of them have been sold in the few last years and given the best kind of satisfaction.

Circulars giving a fuller description of these Machines can be had by applying to the Agents.

Apply to LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent.
3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 14, 1867.—tf

Sewing Machines.

SINGER'S CELEBRATED SEWING MACHINE.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety Goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

Aug. 16, 1866.

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with precisely the same stitches are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money.*

And do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, where he will always have a Machine on hand and supply Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,
Aug. 16, 1866.—tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best range of work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Manufactures, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Manillias, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
March 19, 1867.—1y No. 922 Chestnut St., Phila.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES are superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable, and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York.

Sept. 6, 1866.—1y

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14, 1867.—1y

Medical.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich Southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1.00 in large bottles, and by DEMAS BARNES & Co., New York. Wholesal Agents.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists

For sale by Dr Robert Horner and S. S Forney, Gettysburg.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weak ness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack o appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, con stipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will no try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate..

They create a healthy appetite.

They are an antidote to change of water and diet.

They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.

They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.

They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.

They cure Dyspepsia and Consumption.

They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork, with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. See that our bottle is not re-filled with spurious and deleterious stuff. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon, or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. LAW, and will be so prosecuted by us, The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters, from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

SARATOGA SPRING WATER, sold by all Druggists

For sale by Dr. Robert Horner and S. S. Forney, Gettysburg.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll-evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

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